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United States Environmental Protection Agency Region 9

In the Matter of :
Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company

Order No. 88-12

 ${\tt Respondent}$

Proceeding under Section 106 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, (42 U.S.C. §9606)

I. Jurisdiction

This Order is issued to Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company (Goodyear) pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (CERCLA), by authority delegated to the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and redelegated to the EPA Regions.

The Director of the Toxics and Waste Management Division,
EPA Region 9, has determined that there may be an imminent and
substantial endangerment to the public health, welfare or the en-

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vironment because of the release and threatened release of hazardous substances from the Phoenix-Goodyear Airport Superfund site (PGA Site) in Goodyear, Arizona.

This Order directs Goodyear to undertake actions that EPA has determined to be necessary to protect the public and the environment from this potential endangerment.

II. Findings of Fact

The following facts are a synopsis of data collected in the Administrative Record of EPA's Record of Decision for the PGA Site, dated September 29, 1987. This Record of Decision (ROD) is incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.

A. Goodyear disposed of a variety of hazardous substances at an industrial facility it formerly operated within the PGA Site. These included, but were not limited to volatile organic compounds, including trichloroethylene (TCE). During the 1940's, aircraft were brought from the neighboring Litchfield Park Naval Air Facility (now Phoenix-Goodyear Airport) to hangars at the Goodyear facility for maintenance by Goodyear. Maintenance activities included cleaning engines with solvents, including volatile organic compounds.

B. Goodyear used onsite sludge ponds for waste disposal.

Small impoundments were also used for disposal of waste polishing compounds. On site drains contained TCE-laden sediments. These sediments were partially removed by Goodyear pursuant to an EPA Administrative Order issued on March 27, 1984.

C. In 1981, the Arizona Department of Health Services (ADHS) discovered contamination in the groundwater in the area surrounding the Goodyear facility and the neighboring Phoenix-Goodyear Airport. Subsequent testing by ADHS and contractors employed by EPA revealed numerous wells contaminated with solvents (principally TCE).

D. TCE is a known animal and probable human carcinogen.

TCE can produce central nervous system depression and irritation of the eyes, nose and throat. Exposure to high concentrations of TCE may cause nausea and vomiting. It can also cause neurological impairment, liver and kidney damage, and at high concentrations, death.

E. TCE has been found in groundwater underlying the Phoenix-Goodyear Airport in concentrations as high as 7900 parts per billion (ppb) in the upper aquifer (Subunit A), and in concentrations as high as 130 ppb in the lower aquifer (Subunit B/C). Contamination from Subunit A penetrates into Subunit B/C. EPA estimates that TCE in concentrations of 2.7 ppb would cause one cancer death per million people exposed. Concentrations in excess of 2.7 ppb are expected to cause more cancer deaths among exposed populations. EPA's Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) established pursuant to the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. \$300(f) et seq. is 5 ppb for TCE.

- F. People may be exposed to TCE-contaminated groundwater from the Goodyear facility through wells extracting groundwater from Subunit B/C for human use. Exposure pathways include ingestion from drinking and eating, inhalation of TCE stripped from water during bathing and cooking, and dermal contact.
- G. The Cities of Goodyear and Avondale depend on groundwater from Subunit B/C as the sole public water supply for their communities. Currently, public water supplies do not contain TCE in excess of 2.7 ppb or the MCL, with the exception of one well which has been closed. However, the area's population is expected to grow dramatically in the near future because of recent highway improvements. The expected population increase, in excess of 200,000, will increase the demands on Subunit B/C directly downgradient from the contamination. Unless remedial action is taken, increased groundwater pumping will greatly increase the likelihood of contaminated groundwater reaching public water supplies.

III. Conclusions of Law

- A. Goodyear is a "person" as defined in Section 101(21) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. §9601(21).
- B. The PGA Site is a "facility" as defined in Section 101(9) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. §9601(9).
- C. TCE is a "hazardous substance" as defined in Section 101(14) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. §9601(14).

D. The disposal of hazardous substances and the continued migration of those substances in the groundwater and to the groundwater from contaminated soils constitute a "release" or "threatened release" of hazardous substances into the environment as defined in Section 101(22) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. §9601(22).

E. Goodyear is liable under Section 107(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. §9607(a).

IV. Determinations

Based on the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, the Director, Toxics and Waste Management Division, EPA Region 9, has made the following determinations:

A. The release or threatened release of hazardous substances and pollutants or contaminants from the PGA Site may present an imminent and substantial endangerment to the public health, welfare, or the environment. This determination is embodied in Appendix A attached hereto.

B. In order to prevent or mitigate a significant risk of harm to human health and the environment, remedial action must be undertaken to prevent migration of contaminated groundwater emanating from the PGA Site.

C. The remedial measures required by this Order are consistent with the National Contingency Plan, 40 C.F.R. Part 300.

V. Order

Based upon the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and
Determinations, Goodyear is hereby Ordered to implement the following measures under the direction of EPA's Project Coordinator:

A. Goodyear shall finance and perform the implementation of the Work as defined by the ROD and further defined by this Order. For purposes of this Order, "Operable Unit" (OU) means the remedial action set out in the September 29, 1987 ROD for the PGA Site. "Work" means the design and construction of the OU and all other tasks to be performed by Goodyear pursuant to this Order. "Site" means Subunit A of Section 16 of the PGA Site in Goodyear, Arizona and any further areas designated by EPA pursuant to Subparagraph V.C.3. The Work shall consist of the construction and operation of a system to extract, treat and reinject groundwater from the Site.

B. Goodyear shall design, implement and complete the Work in accordance with the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP), as set forth in 50 Fed. Reg. 47912 (1985) (effective February 18, 1986), and all amendments thereto that are effective and applicable to any activity undertaken pursuant to this Order, and also in accordance with the standards, specifications, and schedule of completion set forth in or approved by EPA pursuant to this Order. All Work shall be performed by qualified employees or subcontractors of Goodyear in accordance with the schedule in Subparagraph D. below. (Except where noted otherwise, all dates referred to in the schedule are calendar days; however, should a deadline fall on a weekend or a Federal holiday, the deadline shall be construed to continue to the next business day.)

- C. Requirements for the Work:
 - 1. The Work consists of:

- a) the design and construction of a groundwater extraction/reinjection system to contain hydraulically the contaminants of subunit A, defined in the ROD, and keep them from migrating to subunits B/C, defined in the ROD.
- b) the design and construction of a groundwater treatment system to treat extracted water to meet federal and state standards for treatment plant discharge levels prescribed in Table I of the ROD.

2. Groundwater Extraction/Reinjection System

A "zone of capture" shall be established for the vertical and lateral boundaries of groundwater contamination. These boundaries shall be determined by groundwater monitoring. The zone of capture shall encompass the area of the Site in which groundwater monitoring indicates contaminant levels in excess of the treatment plant discharge levels identified in Table I of the ROD.

3. Reinjection/hydraulic gradient

Goodyear shall maintain the zone of capture by ensuring a hydraulic gradient from the edges of the zone of capture to the extraction wells. Goodyear shall monitor water levels to ensure that a proper hydraulic gradient is maintained. EPA shall determine during submission and review of the conceptual design submitted in accordance with Subparagraph D.4. whether to require extension of the zone of capture to include additional areas surrounding the Site

at which the levels of groundwater contaminants exceed the treatment plant discharge levels prescribed in Table I of the ROD.

4. Treatment Plant Discharges

- a) All water from the groundwater extraction system will be treated and reinjected. Treatment shall assure that reinjected water will meet federal and state standards for treatment plant discharge levels prescribed in Table I of the ROD. During start-up activities, extracted water to and from the treatment plant will be checked on a schedule as provided for in the Operations and Maintenance Plan submitted in accordance with Subparagraphs D.6. and D.9.
- During routine operations, the treatment plant discharge must meet federal and state standards for treatment plant discharge levels prescribed in Table I of the ROD on a daily basis, based on a sampling schedule to be presented in the Operation and Maintenance Plan developed by Goodyear pursuant to Subparagraph D.6. and D.9. and shall include compliance monitoring programs to demonstrate continued compliance with the requirements of this Subparagraph Any measurable noncompliance with these levels shall be reported orally to EPA within forty-eight (48) hours of discovery. A written submission shall also be provided within five (5) days. This submission shall include a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including the dates and times, and, if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time

it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance. Complying with these reporting requirements shall not excuse any penalties resulting from the noncompliance.

- c) Air stripping shall be used to reduce volatile organic compound ("VOC") contamination to meet federal and state standards as prescribed in Table I of the ROD. The air stripping towers shall be equipped with air emission controls.
- 5. Goodyear shall continue operation of the Work until EPA modifies or terminates this Order.

D. Schedule for the Work

- 1. Within 14 days after the effective date of this Order, Goodyear shall submit a pilot study scope of Work. This shall present the methodology for conducting the pilot studies for reinjection and extraction wells, recharge basins, and treatability studies.
- 2. EPA shall review and approve/disapprove the pilot study scope of Work.
- 3. Goodyear shall commence pilot study activities upon EPA approval of the pilot study scope of Work.
- 4. Within 84 days after the effective date of this Order or 84 days after EPA's decision to approve/disapprove the pilot study scope of Work, whichever is later, Goodyear shall submit a conceptual design for the OU (30% of complete final design). The conceptual design shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- a. Design analysis, including analysis and reporting mechanisms necessary to satisfy state permitting requirements
- b. Location of extraction/reinjection wells (or recharge basins)
- c. Major equipment list for treatment plant
- d. Approximate pumping rates for all wells
- e. Site plan (piping/layout)
- f. Easements
- g. Piping and flow diagrams for treatment plant
- h. Results of pilot studies
- i. Ancillary equipment (substations, etc.)
- j. Response to concerns raised in the Responsiveness Summary to the ROD concerning design criteria issues.
- 5. EPA shall review and approve/disapprove the conceptual design.
- 6. Within 140 days after the effective date of this Order or 42 days after EPA's decision to approve/disapprove the conceptual design, whichever is later, Goodyear shall submit final draft design and specifications. These shall include, but not be limited to:
 - a. Design analysis
 - b. Piping and instrument diagram for the treatment plant
 - c. Specifications for the treatment plant or plants and groundwater system sufficient to comply with

the treatment plant discharge requirements and zone of capture requirements of Paragraph VII

- d. QA/QC Plan
- e. Worker Health & Safety Plan
- f. Preliminary Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan
- g. Preliminary Groundwater Treatment Operation and Maintenance Plan including:
 - i. Recommended frequency of water level measurements and water quality testing for extraction, reinjection and monitoring wells. These shall include separate schedules for startup and routine operations.
 - ii. Proposed decision making process and criteria for shutting down specific extraction wells.
 - iii. Recommended frequency for testing of air emissions during startup and routine operations.
- h. Construction schedule and phasing.
- 7. EPA shall review and approve/disapprove the final draft design and specifications.
- 8. Within 184 days after the effective date of this Order, or 30 days after EPA's decision to approve/disapprove the final draft design and specifications, whichever is later, Goodyear shall begin construction of facilities for implementa-

tion of the OU. Goodyear shall initiate preconstruction activities during EPA review of the final draft design and specifications.

- 9. Within 240 days after the effective date of this Order, or 86 days after EPA's decision to approve/disapprove the final draft design and specifications, whichever is later, Goodyear shall submit final draft Operation and Maintenance Plans to EPA for approval.
- 10. Within 304 days after the effective date of this Order, or 150 days after EPA's decision to approve/disapprove the final draft design and specifications, whichever is later, Goodyear shall commence startup activities.
- 11. Goodyear shall begin and thereafter maintain routine operation activities in accordance with an approved Operation and Maintenance Plan by a date to be established by EPA.

E. Monthly Progress Reports

1. Goodyear shall provide written progress reports to EPA on a monthly basis. These progress reports shall describe all actions taken to comply with this Order, including a general description of the Work activities commenced or completed during the reporting period, Work activities projected to be commenced or completed during the next reporting period, and any problems that have been encountered or are anticipated by Goodyear in commencing or completing the Work activities. These progress reports shall be submitted to EPA by the 10th of each month for work done the preceding month and planned for the current month.

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F. Reports, Plans, and Other Items

- 1. Any reports, plans, specifications (including discharge or emission limits), schedules, appendices, and attachments required or established by this Order are, upon approval by EPA, incorporated into this Order. Any noncompliance with such EPA approved reports, plans, specifications (including discharge or emission limits), schedules, appendices, or attachments shall be considered a violation of this Order subject to penalties in accordance with Paragraph XII of this Order.
- 2. If EPA disapproves any plans or reports (other than monthly progress reports) or other items required to be submitted to EPA for approval pursuant to this Order, Goodyear shall correct any deficiencies and resubmit the plan, report or item for EPA approval within ten (10) working days from the receipt of such disapproval.
- 3. Submission of a deficient plan or report is a violation of this Order subject to penalties in accordance with Paragraph XII whether or not resubmission corrects the deficiencies of the original submission.
- 4. In attempting to correct any deficiency as required by Subparagraph F.2., Goodyear shall address all of EPA's comments.
- G. The Worker Health and Safety Plan that Goodyear is required to submit pursuant to Subparagraph V.D.6. shall satisfy the requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Guidance

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for Hazardous Waste Site Activities [October 1985 (DHH 5 NIOSH) Publication No. 85-115] and EPA's Standard Operating Safety Guides.

Η. Goodyear shall submit to EPA for approval, at the same time as it submits the final draft design documents in accordance with Subparagraph V.D.6., a Quality Assurance/Quality Control ("QA/QC") Plan for Remedial Construction activities. Remedial Construction QA/QC Plan shall, where applicable, be prepared in accordance with current EPA guidance, Interim Guidelines and Specifications for Preparing Quality Assurance Project Plans, QAMS-005/80, and subsequent amendments to such guidelines upon written notification by EPA to Goodyear of such amendments. Additionally, the Remedial Construction QA/QC Plan shall include elements necessary for the implementation of trial test(s) of the pumping, treatment and reinjection system used as part of the Work. The Remedial Construction QA/QC Plan shall include a description of the mechanism that shall be used to verify that the pumping, treatment and reinjection process is operating within acceptable limits. Upon approval and notice by EPA to Goodyear, Goodyear shall implement the Remedial Construction QA/QC Plan.

I. Goodyear shall utilize QA/QC procedures in accordance with the QA/QC plans submitted pursuant to this Order, and shall utilize standard EPA chain of custody procedures, as documented in National Enforcement Investigations Center Policies and Procedures Manual, as revised in November 1984, and the National Enforcement Investigations Center Manual for the Evidence Audit,

published in September 1981, for all sample collection and analysis activities. In order to provide quality assurance and maintain quality control regarding all samples collected pursuant to this Consent Decree, Goodyear shall:

- 1. Ensure that all contracts with laboratories utilized by Goodyear for analysis of samples taken pursuant to this Consent Decree provide for access of EPA personnel and EPA authorized representatives to assure the accuracy of laboratory results related to the Work.
- 2. Ensure that laboratories utilized by Goodyear for analysis of samples taken pursuant to this Order perform all analyses according to EPA methods or methods deemed in advance satisfactory by EPA. Accepted EPA methods are documented in the "Contract Lab Program Statement of Work for Inorganic Analysis" and the "Contract Lab Program Statement of Work for Organic Analysis" dated July 1985.
- 3. Ensure that all laboratories utilized by Goodyear for analysis of samples taken pursuant to this Order participate in an EPA or EPA equivalent QA/QC program. As part of the QA/QC program and upon request by EPA, such laboratories shall perform at their expense analyses of samples provided by EPA to demonstrate the quality of each laboratory's data. EPA may provide to each laboratory a maximum of four samples per year per analytical combination (e.g., four aqueous samples for analysis by gas chromatography/mass spectrometry, four soil/sediment samples for analysis by gas chromatography/mass spectrometry).

- Goodyear shall demonstrate its ability to complete the Work and to pay all claims that arise from the performance of the Work by obtaining, and presenting to EPA for approval within thirty (30) calendar days after the effective date of this Order, one of the following items: 1) performance bond; 2) letter of credit; or 3) guarantee by a third party. In lieu of any of the three items listed above, Goodyear may present to EPA, within twenty (20) calendar days after the effective date of this Order, financial information sufficient to satisfy EPA that Goodyear has sufficient assets to make it unnecessary to require additional If Goodyear relies on financial information for assurances. financial assurance, Goodyear shall quarterly submit such financial information. If EPA determines the financial assurances to be inadequate, Goodyear shall obtain one of the three financial instruments listed above.
- K. Goodyear shall maintain a segregated account dedicated to funding Goodyear's obligations pursuant to this Order. Starting June 30, 1988, Goodyear shall quarterly submit an account statement to EPA demonstrating that the account is funded adequately to ensure performance of Goodyear's obligations under this Order for the following quarter.
- L. Goodyear shall submit a quality assurance report to EPA on a quarterly basis on January 30th, April 30th, July 30th, and October 30th of each year. This report shall contain information that demonstrates that Goodyear is complying with Subparagraph V.I. of this Order and the QA/QC Plans submitted pursuant to this Order.

- M. Any analytical or design data generated or obtained by Goodyear that are related to the Work shall be provided to EPA within seven (7) days of any request by EPA for such data.
- N. EPA employees and EPA's authorized representatives shall have the right, upon request, to take splits of any samples obtained by Goodyear or anyone acting on Goodyear's behalf in the implementation of the Work. Goodyear shall also have the right upon request to obtain splits of samples taken independently by EPA or its authorized representatives.
- O. During design, construction, and start-up activities, Goodyear shall notify EPA seven (7) days prior to any sampling conducted by Goodyear or anyone acting on its behalf. EPA shall be notified thirty (30) days prior to the disposal of any such sample, and EPA shall have an opportunity, upon request, to take possession of all or a portion of such sample.

Goodyear need not provide EPA with 7-day notice for sampling relating to the routine operation of the treatment system. Prior to commencement of the routine operation of the treatment system, however, Goodyear shall provide EPA with a schedule for all routine sampling relating to the operation of the treatment system. Goodyear shall notify EPA seven (7) days in advance of any changes in the routine sampling schedule. Goodyear need not provide EPA with advance notice of changes in the routine treatment system sampling as a result of unexpected conditions.

Goodyear shall, however, notify EPA within forty-eight (48) hours

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of the occurrence of any such conditions and shall provide EPA with the results of analysis of such sampling when the results become available.

All data, factual information, and documents submitted by Goodyear to EPA and the State pursuant to this Order shall be subject to public inspection. Goodyear shall not assert a claim of confidentiality regarding any hydrogeological or chemical data, any data submitted in support of a remedial proposal, or any other scientific or engineering data. Goodyear may assert a claim of confidentiality as to any process, method, technique, or any description thereof that Goodyear claims constitute proprietary or trade secret information developed by Goodyear or developed by the contractor or the contractor's subcontractors. In addition, Goodyear may assert business confidentiality claims covering part or all of the information provided in connection with this Order in accordance with Section 104(e)(7) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9604(e)(7) and pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 2.203(b) or applicable state law. Any such claim shall be subject to EPA's confidentiality determination procedures and, if determined to be confidential, afforded the protection by EPA provided in 40 C.F.R., Part 2, Subpart B.

Documents which are asserted to be attorney work product or subject to privilege under law shall not be subject to inspection or copying under this Order provided that, upon request, Goodyear shall provide EPA with an identification of the title and subject

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matter of each document for which a privilege is asserted, and an explanation as to why the privilege is applicable to the document or portions thereof.

Q. Goodyear shall preserve and retain all records and documents now in its possession or control that relate in any manner to the Site, regardless of any document retention policy to the contrary, for no less than six years after the completion of the construction of the Work or termination of this Order, whichever is later.

Until completion of the Work and termination of this Order, Goodyear shall preserve, and shall instruct its contractors, its contractors' subcontractors, and anyone else acting on Goodyear's behalf at the PGA Site to preserve (in the form of originals or exact copies, or in the alternative, microfiche of all originals) all records, documents and information of whatever kind, nature or description relating to the performance of the Work at the Site. Upon the completion of the Work, copies of all such records, documents, and information shall be delivered to the EPA Project Coordinator.

VI. Compliance With Other Laws

Goodyear shall comply with all federal, state and local laws and regulations in carrying out the terms of this Order. All hazardous substances removed from the facility shall be handled in accordance with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, 42 U.S.C. § 6921, et seq., the regulations promulgated under that Act, and EPA's Offsite Disposal Policy. OSWER Directive 9834.11 (Nov. 13, 1987).

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VII. Project Coordinator

EPA has appointed a Project Coordinator for the Site who has the authority vested in the Remedial Project Manager and the On-Scene Coordinator by 40 C.F.R. Part 300, et seq., including such authority as may be added by amendments to 40 C.F.R. Part 300, as well as the authority to ensure that this Order is implemented in accordance with all applicable statutes and regulations. The EPA Project Coordinator for the purposes of this Order is:

Jeff Rosenbloom T-4-2 United States Environmental Protection Agency Region 9 215 Fremont Street San Francisco, California 94105 (415) 974-9565

Within four (4) calendar days of the effective date of this Order, Goodyear shall designate a Project Coordinator to monitor Goodyear's progress in implementing this Order and to coordinate communication between EPA and Goodyear. EPA and Goodyear may change their respective Project Coordinators upon five (5) calendar days notice.

VIII. Submittals

All submittals and notifications to EPA required by this Order or the plans submitted herewith shall be made to the EPA Project Coordinator.

All approvals and decisions of EPA made regarding submittals and modifications under this Order shall be communicated to Goodyear by the Director, Toxics Waste and Management Division,

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or his designee. No informal advice, guidance, suggestions, or comments by EPA regarding reports, plans, specifications, schedules, or any other matter will relieve Goodyear of its obligation to obtain formal approvals as required by this Order.

IX. Access

To the extent that access to or easements over property at the PGA Site is required for the proper and complete performance of this Order, Goodyear shall use its best efforts to obtain access agreements from the present owners or those persons who have control within sixty (60) calendar days of the effective date of this Order. Access agreements shall provide reasonable access to Goodyear, the United States, the State of Arizona, and their authorized representatives. In the event that access agreements are not obtained within the 60 day period, Goodyear shall notify EPA within five (5) calendar days thereafter regarding both the lack of, and Goodyear's efforts to obtain, such agreements. Ιf necessary, EPA may exercise its legal authority to assist Goodyear in obtaining access. In the event EPA exercises its access authorities under Section 104(e) of CERCLA, as amended, in order to obtain access for the performance on any act required by this Order, Goodyear shall reimburse EPA for any amount of costs incurred in the exercise of such powers.

Goodyear shall assure that Goodyear, the United States, the State, and their representatives, including contractors, shall have access at all reasonable times to the Site and any contiguous property owned or controlled by Loral Corporation on the effective date of this Order. In the event Loral Corporation

transfers some or all of its property located within the boundaries of the PGA Site to a third party after the effective date
of this Order, Goodyear shall (a) assure that the instrument effecting the conveyance or transfer of title contains a copy of
this Order, the ROD and the listing of the PGA Site on the National Priorities List pursuant to CERCLA; and (b) use its best
efforts to assure access to the property from the third party.
Nothing in this Order limits any access rights that EPA or other
agencies may have pursuant to law.

X. Endangerment During Implementation

The Director, Toxics and Waste Management Division, EPA
Region 9, may determine that acts or circumstances (whether related to or unrelated to this Order) may endanger human health,
welfare or the environment and may order Goodyear to stop further
implementation of this Order until the endangerment is abated.

EPA may also for any other reason permitted by law order Goodyear
to cease activities at the PGA Site.

XI. United States Not Liable

The United States, its agencies, employees and other representatives shall not be liable for any injuries or damages to persons or property resulting from the acts or omissions of Goodyear, its employees or other representatives caused by implementation of this Order or otherwise.

The United States, its agencies, employees and other representatives shall not be deemed a party to any contract with

Goodyear.

XII. Noncompliance

A. A willful violation or failure or refusal to comply with any terms of this Order shall subject Goodyear to a civil penalty of up to \$25,000 per day in which the violation occurs or failure to comply continues, pursuant to the provisions of Section 106(b)(1) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. §9606(b)(1). Failure to comply with any terms of this Order without sufficient cause shall also subject Goodyear to punitive damages of up to three times the total costs incurred by the United States for site response pursuant to Section 107(c)(3) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C.§ 9607(c)(3).

B. EPA may assume performance of the Work required by this Order at any time if EPA determines that Goodyear is not taking appropriate action. EPA may order or independently initiate additional response actions it deems necessary to protect public health, welfare, or the environment.

XIII. Opportunity to Confer

Goodyear may request a conference with the Director, Toxics and Waste Management Division, EPA Region 9, or his staff to discuss the provisions of this Order. At any conference held pursuant to Goodyear's request, Goodyear may appear by counsel or other representatives for the purpose of presenting any objections, defenses or contentions which Goodyear may have regarding this Order. The conference will be recorded by a court stenographer. If Goodyear desires such a conference, Goodyear must make a request orally within four (4) working days of the effec-

tive date of this Order, and confirm the request in writing immediately. Requests shall be made to the EPA Project Coordinator.

XIV. Parties Bound

This Order shall apply to and is binding upon Goodyear, its officers, directors, agents, employees, contractors, successors, and assigns.

XV. Notice of Intent to Comply

Within four (4) working days of the effective date of this Order, Goodyear shall orally inform EPA of its intent to comply with the terms of this Order. The oral notice shall be confirmed within three (3) working days by written notice to the Director. Failure to timely notify EPA of Goodyear's intent to comply shall be deemed by EPA a willful refusal to comply.

XVI. Notice to State

Notice of the issuance of this Order has been given to the State of Arizona. EPA will consult with the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality, as appropriate, to ensure that the plans submitted by Goodyear pursuant to this Order are consistent with State requirements.

XVII. Effective Date

Notwithstanding any conferences that may be requested pursuant to the provisions of this Order, this Order shall be effective on May 26, 1988.

IT IS SO ORDERED on this 22d day of Apri, 1988 at San Francisco, California.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

by: panea & yother for

Jeff Zelikson

Director, Toxics and Waste Management Division

EPA, Region 9

Appendix A

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DETERMINATION OF IMMINENT AND SUBSTANTIAL ENDANGERMENT

SITE: Phoenix Goodyear Airport, Goodyear, Arizona

DOCUMENTS REVIEWED:

My determination is based on the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Administrative Record for the Record of Decision for the first Operable Unit at the Phoenix Goodyear Airport Superfund Site (PGA Site), dated September 29, 1987.

DETERMINATION:

Section 106(a) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, as amended, (CERCLA) provides that, when the President of the United States determines that there may be an imminent and substantial endangerment to the public health, welfare, or the environment because of an actual or threatened release of a hazardous substance from a facility to the environment, he may issue such Orders as may be necessary to protect public health, welfare or the environment.

The Administrative Record referenced above conclusively demonstrates that hazardous substances have been released to the The Administrative Record contains environment at the PGA Site. an Operable Unit Feasibility Study (OUFS) which includes a Background and Site History (Chapter 2 of the OUFS). This chapt documents the extent of the release based on the results of This chapter groundwater sampling (Pages 2-2 through 2-6). This sampling demonstrates that the groundwater at the PGA Site is contaminated with hazardous substances including, but not limited to, volatile organic compounds such as trichloroethylene. This documents the threat to environment posed by the release. The OUFS also includes a Public Health Evaluation (Chapter 3 of the OUFS) which documents the risk to human health and welfare presented by the The OUFS has been submitted to the observed contamination. public for comment.

Pursuant to the CERCLA §106 authority delegated to me by the President, through the EPA Administrator, I hereby determine that the Administrative Record and, specifically, the Background and Site History, and the Public Health Evaluation, demonstrate that an imminent and substantial endangerment to human health, welfare or the environment may exist because of the actual and threatened releases of hazardous substances at the PGA Site.

1	Dated: this $22d$ day of $April$ 1988 at San Francisco, California.
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3	UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
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6	by: have K Go Sher Granger
7	Director Toxics and Waste Management Division EPA, Region 9
8	EFA, Region 9
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